

OFFICIAL ZONING ORDINANCE

**TOWN OF SIX MILE
SOUTH CAROLINA**

ADOPTED

November 6, 2007

**SIX MILE, SOUTH CAROLINA
TOWN COUNCIL**

Roy C. Stoddard - Mayor

Jeff Dennis

James Atkinson

Dan Crosby

David Yongue

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BOARD OF APPEALS

Dale Garrett

Rita Martin - Secretary

Robert Shaw

Mark Smallwood – Vice Chairperson

John Wade

Dayle Stewart - Chairperson

Rita Martin, Town Clerk

Ken Roper, Town Attorney

Produced By:

The Planning Commission of the Town of Six Mile

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ZONING ORDINANCE
TOWN OF SIX MILE, SOUTH CAROLINA

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF SIX MILE, SOUTH CAROLINA, REGULATING THE LOCATION AND USE OF BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES, AND LAND, THE SIZE OF BUILDINGS AND OTHER STRUCTURES, THE SIZE OF YARDS, AND THE DENSITY OF DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION: CREATING DISTRICTS FOR SAID PURPOSES AND ESTABLISHING THE BOUNDARIES THEREOF; DEFINING CERTAIN TERMS USED HEREIN: PROVIDING FOR THE METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION AND AMENDMENT: PROVIDING FOR A BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT: AND PROVIDING FOR THE IMPOSITION OF PENALTIES FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ORDINANCE.

ARTICLE I

AUTHORITY AND ENACTMENT CLAUSE

In pursuance of authority conferred by the General Statutes of South Carolina, 1976 Code of Laws, 1994 Cumulative Supplement, Volume 2, Title 6, Chapter 29, Section 710, and for the purpose of promoting the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the community; lessening congestion in the streets, securing safety from fire; providing adequate light and air; preventing the overcrowding of land; avoiding undue concentration of population; facilitating the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewage, schools, parks, and other public improvements, protecting scenic areas, and protecting areas subject to periodic flooding against development, in accordance within a Comprehensive Plan, the Town Council of the Town of Six Mile does ordain and enact into law the following articles and sections:

Section 100. Jurisdiction.

The regulations set forth in this ordinance shall be applicable within the corporate limits of the Town of Six Mile, South Carolina, as now or hereafter established.

Section 101. Compliance.

This ordinance shall take effect and all regulations included herein shall be in full force from and after the date of its adoption by the Six Mile Town Council.

ARTICLE II SHORT TITLE

This ordinance shall be known and may be cited as "The Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Six Mile, South Carolina."

ARTICLE III

ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS AND RULES FOR THE INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

Section 300. Establishment of Districts.

For the purpose of this Ordinance, the Town of Six Mile is hereby divided into the following zoning districts:

LR	Low Density Residential District	Section 500
OC	Office Commercial District	Section 501
NC	Neighborhood Commercial District	Section 502
GC	General Commercial District	Section 503
LI	Limited Industrial District	Section 504
BI	Basic Industrial District	Section 505
HP	Historic Preservation Overlay District Section	Section 506
CO	Corridor Overlay District	Section 507

Section 301. District Boundaries.

The boundaries of the above zoning districts are hereby established as shown on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Six Mile, which together with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor attested by the Town Clerk, and bearing the Seal of the Town under the words: "Official Zoning Map, Town of Six Mile, South Carolina," together with the date of the adoption of this Ordinance.

If, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and South Carolina 1976 Code of Laws, 1994 Supplement, Volume 2, Title VI, Chapter 29, Section 730, changes are made in district boundaries or other matter portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, such changes shall be entered on the official zoning map promptly by the Town Clerk within seven days after the amendment has been approved by the Town Council. No amendment to this Ordinance, which involves matter portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, shall become effective until after such change has been made on said map.

No changes of any nature shall be made on the Official Zoning Map or matter shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this Ordinance. Any unauthorized change of whatever kind, by any person or persons, shall be considered a violation of this Ordinance and punishable as provided by law.

Regardless of the existence of purported copies of the Official Zoning Map, which may from time to time be made or published, the Official Zoning Map, which shall be located in the office of the Town Clerk, shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land and water areas, buildings, and other structures in the Town.

Section 302. Rules for Interpretation of District Boundaries.

Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following rules shall apply:

- 302.1 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of right-of-way lines of streets, highways, alleys, or public utility easements shall be construed to follow such centerlines;
- 302.2 Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted lots or tract lines shall be construed as following such lines, whether public or private;
- 302.3 Boundaries indicated as approximately following Town limits shall be construed as following such Town limits;
- 302.4 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streams, rivers, canals, lakes or other bodies of water shall be construed to follow such centerlines;
- 302.5 Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features indicated in Subsections 1 through 5 above shall be so construed. In the case of distances not specifically indicated on the Official Zoning Map, or in other circumstances not covered by Subsections 1 through 5 above, the Board of Appeals shall interpret the district boundaries.

Section 303. Annexation and Other Adjustments to Town Limits.

Where Town limit boundaries change by virtue of annexation or some other means, the following provisions shall apply:

- 303.1 When new land areas are incorporated or otherwise annexed into the Town, the ordinance to annex the area shall designate a zoning district or zoning districts for which the annexed area is to be classified.
- 303.2 In all cases, where additions or deletions in the Town of Six Mile's total land area require adjustments in the Zoning District boundaries, said amendments shall be
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made on the Zoning Map within 60 days and the date of Council action shall be noted.

ARTICLE IV

APPLICATION OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

The regulations set by this Ordinance within each district shall be minimum regulations and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind of structure of land, except as hereinafter provided. Except where provisions for relief are set forth elsewhere in this Ordinance, the following general standards for the enforcement of District Regulations shall apply.

Section 400. Use of Land or Structures.

- 400.1 No land or structure shall hereinafter be used or occupied, and no structure or parts hereafter be constructed, erected, altered or moved, unless in conformity with all the regulations herein specified for the district in which located.
- 400.2 No structure shall hereafter be erected or altered:
- a) with greater height, size, bulk, or other dimensions;
 - b) to convert any structure into a dwelling or to increase the number of units within a dwelling so as to accommodate a greater number of dwelling units or families than is permitted in the zoning district in which located;
 - c) to occupy a greater percentage of lot area;
 - d) to have narrower or smaller rear yards, front yards, side yards, or other open spaces than herein required; or in any other manner contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 400.3 No part of a yard, or other open space, off-street parking or loading required in connection with any building for the purpose of complying with this Ordinance,

shall be included as part of a yard, open space, or off-street parking or loading space similarly required for any other building.

Section 401. Lot Reduction Prohibited.

No yard or lot existing at the time of passage of this Ordinance shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements set forth herein. Yards or lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall meet at least the minimum requirements established by this Ordinance.

Section 402. Use of Substandard Lots of Record.

Where, at the time of the adoption of this ordinance, an existing lot of record, that was recorded in compliance with all regulations in effect at the time it was recorded, does not conform to the dimensional requirements of this ordinance, it may nonetheless be used as a building site and the Zoning Administrator is authorized to issue a Certificate of Zoning Compliance for the use of the property. The Zoning Administrator shall establish setbacks to conform as closely as possible to the dimensional requirements of this ordinance, but so as not to prohibit reasonable use of the parcel. If any of two (2) or more adjoining lots under the same ownership do not conform to the dimensional requirements of this ordinance, then the lots must be combined to meet more closely, if not completely, the dimensional requirements of this ordinance for the issuance of a Certificate of Zoning Compliance.

ARTICLE V

REQUIREMENTS BY DISTRICTS

Section 500. LR Low Density Residential District.

500.1 Intent of District. It is the intent of this Section that the LR Zoning District be developed and reserved for low-density residential purposes. The regulations which apply within this district are designed to encourage the formation and continuance of a stable, healthy environment for one-family dwellings situated on lots having an area of 22,000 square feet or more and to discourage any encroachment by commercial, industrial or other uses capable of adversely affecting the residential character of the district.

500.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in any LR Zoning District:

- a) One-Family dwelling (other than a mobile home).
- b) Publicly owned building or facility.
- c) Customary home occupation established under the provisions of Section 709.
- d) Accessory use in compliance with the provisions of Sections 710 and 711.

500.3

Conditional Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in any LR Zoning District on a conditional basis, subject to conditions set for in Article VIII, Section 804. For any conditional uses within the LR District, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be installed and maintained along all property lines bordering a parcel that is zoned for residential usage.

- a) Church, synagogue, temple and other places of worship; provided that: (1) such use is housed in a permanent structure which meets all building, electrical, and plumbing codes for places of public assembly, (2) such use is located on a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield, (3) no structure on the lot is closer than 25 feet to any abutting property line zoned for residential use, and (4) exterior and parking lot lights do not reflect onto adjoining residences.
- b) Private kindergarten, Day-Care Center, or pre-school nursery; provided that: (1) such uses meet the minimum standards set forth for such facilities by the State Board of Health, (2) such use is located on a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield, (3) no structure on the lot is closer than 25 feet to any abutting residential property line, and (4) a five (5) foot wall or chain link fence is constructed around any play area.
- c) Public utility substation or sub-installation including water towers; provided that: 1) such use is enclosed by a wall or chain link fence at least six (6) feet in height above finished grade, (2) there is neither office nor commercial operation nor storage of vehicles or equipment on the premises, and (3) a landscaped strip not less than five (5) feet in width is planted and suitably maintained around the facility.
- e) Cemetery, which may include a crematorium, provided that such use: (1) consists of a site of at least five (5) acres, (2) has a front yard setback of at least seventy (70) feet from the center line of the street right-of-way, and (3) maintains only a non-illuminated sign no greater than thirty (30) square feet.

- f) Temporary use in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.
- g) Bed and Breakfast Inn, providing at least three, but no more than six rooms for paying guests and provided that such use:
 - (1) is operated by the individual owner of the property and the use is subordinate and incidental to the principal residential use;
 - (2) produces no alteration or change in the character or the exterior appearance of the principal building from that of a dwelling;
 - (3) serves no meals other than breakfast to the paying guests;
 - (4) maintains a guest register containing names, addresses and dates of occupancy, and which is available upon request to the Town of Six Mile;
 - (5) sells only articles made on the premises or those articles custom made for the establishment and does not display products to the street or neighboring property;
 - (6) provides off-street parking, no more and no less than the one parking place per bedroom plus three additional places (parking need not be paved);
 - (7) limits signage to one sign, not to exceed three square feet;
 - (8) does not sell alcoholic beverages;
 - (9) does not host commercial meetings. Commercial meetings include the following activities: luncheons, banquets, parties, weddings, meetings, charitable fund raising, commercial or advertising activities, or other gatherings for direct or indirect compensation.

500.4 Prohibited Uses.

- a) Sexually oriented businesses
- b) No roadway, driveway, easement, or other access to a commercial or industrial activity shall pass through a residentially zoned area.

500.5 Other Requirements. Uses permitted in LR Zoning Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards, except that the use of substandard lots of record as of the effective date of this Ordinance may be subject to whatever relief is provided in Article IV, Section 402 of this Ordinance.

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet.
- b) Minimum Land Area Per Dwelling Unit: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet.
- c) Minimum Lot Width measured at Building Line: Seventy-Five (75) feet.
- d) Minimum Front Yard Depth measured from the nearest right-of-way line: Thirty-five (35) feet. For exceptions to this requirement, see Article VII, Section 704 and 705.
- e) Minimum Side Yard: No less than ten (10) feet. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Article VII, Section 702 and 704.
- f) Minimum Rear Yard: Twenty (20) feet. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots, see Article VII, Section 704.
- g) Maximum Building Height: Thirty-five (35) feet. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 722.
- h) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in LR Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII, pertaining to off-street parking, loading, and other requirements.
- i) Signs: Signs permitted in LR Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they may be located are set forth in Article VI.

Section 501. OC Office Commercial District.

501.1 Intent of the District. It is the intent of this section that the OC Zoning District be developed and reserved for professional office oriented business purposes. The regulations which apply within this district are designed to encourage the formation and continuance of a stable, healthy, and compatible environment for professional office and institutional uses; to control traffic and parking congestion; to avoid the development of “strip” business districts; and to discourage the encroachment of industrial and other uses capable of adversely affecting the localized commercial character of the district.

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- 501.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in OC Zoning District:
- a) Professional Offices.
 - b) Banks and other financial institutions.
 - c) Day care centers.
 - d) Cultural and community centers, including libraries, theaters, neighborhood recreation centers, churches and other religious facilities.
 - e) Public utility facilities, including offices, electric transformer stations, gas regulator stations, telephone switching stations, excluding utility and communication towers, which are permitted as conditional uses, as listed in Sections 506.3 (a) and 506.3 (b).
 - f) Schools.
 - g) Clinics, nursing and convalescent homes, community residential care facilities.
 - h) Veterinary offices with no external runs.
 - i) Kennels, as an accessory use to a veterinary office only, with no external runs
 - j) Funeral homes.
 - k) Auto parking lots.
 - l) Commercial printers.
 - m) Facilities of Town, county, state or federal government.
 - n) Facilities of the Pickens County School System or other public service districts.
- 501.3 Conditional Uses. The following uses shall be permitted on a conditional basis in any OC Zoning District, subject to the conditions set forth in Article VIII, Section 804.
- a) Public Utility substations or subinstallation, including standpipes, water tanks, or fire towers, provided such use is enclosed by a painted or chain
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link fence or stockade-type fence or wall at least six (6) feet in height above finished grade, provided there is neither an office nor commercial operation nor storage of vehicles on site, provided a landscaped buffer strip, in compliance with Section 725 of this Ordinance, not less than ten (10) feet in width is installed and maintained.

- b) A residential use as an accessory activity to any use permitted within the OC district, provided the residential use is housed within the primary office or commercial structure.
- c) Temporary use in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.

501.4 Prohibited Uses. Sexually Oriented Businesses and mobile homes.

501.5 Other Requirements. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Ordinance, uses permitted in OC Office Commercial Zoning Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards:

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet, or a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield.
 - b) Minimum Lot Width measured at the Building Line: Seventy-five (75) feet.
 - c) Minimum Front Yard measured from the nearest abutting street right-of-way line: Thirty (30) feet. For exceptions to this requirement, see Article VII, Sections 704 and 705.
 - d) Minimum Side Yard: Not less than fifteen (15) feet from each side. In addition, where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a landscaped buffer strip, in compliance with Section 726 of this Ordinance, shall be required. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Article VII, Sections 702 and 704.
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- e) Minimum Rear Yard: Twenty (20) feet. Where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a landscaped buffer strip, in compliance with Section 726 of this Ordinance, shall be required. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots, see Article VII, Section 704.
- f) Maximum Building Height: Thirty-five (35) feet. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 721.
- g) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in OC Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII, pertaining to off-street parking, loading, and other requirements.
- h) Signs: Signs permitted in OC Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they may be located, are set forth in Article VI.

Section 502. NC Neighborhood Commercial District.

502.1 Intent of District. It is the intent of this Section that the NC Zoning District be developed and reserved for local or neighborhood oriented business purposes. The regulations which apply within this district are designed to encourage the formation and continuance of a stable, healthy, and compatible environment for uses that are located so as to provide nearby residential areas with convenient shopping and service facilities; control traffic and parking congestion; avoid the development of "strip" business districts; and discourage industrial and other encroachment capable of adversely affecting the localized commercial character of the district.

502.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in NC Zoning District:

- a) General retail stores, excluding supermarkets, package liquor stores, and large discount stores.

- b) Service businesses, including - but not limited to plumbers, electricians, barbers, beauticians, repair services, photographers, etc., provided all services take place within an enclosed building and there is no external storage of inventory, parts, machinery or equipment.
- c) Professional Offices
- d) Banks and other financial institutions
- e) Neighborhood food stores, including produce stands, retail bakeries, meat markets (without slaughtering on-site), delicatessens and similar businesses. Supermarkets are expressly prohibited.
- f) Private kindergartens, day care centers, or pre-school nurseries.
- g) Cultural and community centers, including libraries, theaters, neighborhood recreation centers, churches and other religious facilities.
- h) Schools.
- i) Clinics, nursing and convalescence homes. Veterinary offices with no external runs. Kennels, as an accessory use to a veterinary office only, with no external runs.
- j) Coin operated laundries
- k) Funeral homes.
- l) Auto parking lots.
- m) Facilities of Town, county, state or federal government.
- n) Facilities of the Pickens County School System or other public service districts.
- o) Group community residential care facilities.

502.3

Conditional Uses. The following uses shall be permitted on a conditional basis in any NC Zoning District, subject to the conditions set forth in Article VIII, Section 804.

- a) Convenience stores with gasoline pumps and automobile gasoline stations, provided there is no repair of automobiles on site, there is no storage of automobiles or automobile parts, all pumps are set back at least twenty-five

(25) feet from any public right-of-way, and fuel tanks are installed underground.

- b) Dry cleaning or laundry pickup agency, provided that any laundering, cleaning or pressing done on the premises involves only articles delivered to the premises by individual customers.
- c) Public utility substations or subinstallation, including standpipes, water tanks, or fire towers, provided such use is closed by a painted or chain link fence or wall at least six (6) feet in height above finish grade, provided there is neither an office nor commercial operation nor storage of vehicles, provided a landscaped strip not less than five (5) feet in width is planted and suitably maintained.
- d) Combination of residential structure with any use herein permitted, provided that all dwelling units have direct access to an abutting street. Parking provisions shall be complied with for each use.
- e) Residential use lawfully existing at the time of adoption of this Ordinance.
- f) Temporary use in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.

502.4 Prohibited Uses. Sexually Oriented and mobile homes.

502.5 Other Requirement. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Ordinance, uses permitted in NC Neighborhood Commercial Zoning Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards:

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet, or a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield.
- b) Minimum Lot Width measured at the Building Line: Seventy-five (75) feet.
- c) Minimum Front Yard measured from the nearest abutting street right-of-way line: Thirty (30) feet. For exceptions to this requirement, see Article VII, Sections 704 and 705.

- d) Minimum Side Yard: Not less than fifteen (15) feet from each side. In addition, where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Article VII, Sections 702 and 704. If a common wall is used the side setback shall be zero (0) feet.
- e) Minimum Rear Yard: Twenty (20) feet. Where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots, see Article VII, Section 704.
- f) Maximum Building Height: Thirty-five (35) feet. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 722.
- g) Maximum floor area for any use within the NC Zoning District shall be ten thousand (10,000) square feet.
- h) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in NC Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII, pertaining to off-street parking, loading, and other requirements.
- i) Signs: Signs permitted in NC Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they may be located, are set forth in Article VI.
- j) No external display of inventory shall be permitted within any NC Zone.
- k) No external storage of equipment, inventory, or supplies shall be permitted within any NC Zone, unless completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall.

Section 503. GC General Commercial District.

503.1 Intent of District. It is the intent of this Section that the GC Zoning District be developed and reserved for general business purposes. The regulations which apply within this district are designed to encourage the formation of continuance of a compatible and economically healthy environment for business, financial service and professional uses which benefit from being located in close proximity to each other; and to discourage any encroachment capable of adversely affecting the general commercial character of the district.

- 503.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in any GC Zoning District.
- a) General retail stores.
 - b) Service businesses, including - but not limited to plumbers, electricians, barbers, beauticians, repair services, photographers, etc.
 - c) Professional Offices.
 - d) Banks and other financial institutions.
 - e) Restaurants.
 - f) Retail food stores, including general groceries, produce standards, bakeries, meat markets (without slaughtering on-site), etc.
 - g) Food preparation establishments for off-premise delivery.
 - h) Day care centers.
 - i) Cultural and community centers, including libraries, theaters, neighborhood recreation centers, churches and other religious facilities.
 - j) Public utility facilities, including offices, electric transformer stations, gas regulator stations, telephone switching stations, and water towers.
 - k) Schools.
 - l) Clinics, nursing and convalescence homes.
 - m) Veterinary offices with no external runs.
 - n) Kennels, as an accessory use to a veterinary office only, with no external runs.
 - o) Coin operated laundries, dry cleaning - excluding dry cleaning plants.
 - p) Funeral homes.
 - q) Auto parking lots.
 - r) Commercial printers.
 - s) Facilities of Town, county, state or federal government.
 - t) Facilities of the Pickens County School System or other public service districts.
 - u) Radio or television studios.
 - v) Group community residential care facilities.
 - w) Hotels, motels, bed and breakfast inns.
 - x) Day care centers, adult and child.

- 503.3 Conditional Uses. The following uses shall be permitted on a conditional basis in any GC Zoning District, subject to the conditions set forth in Article VIII, Section 804.
- a) Automobile service station provided all fuel pumps are set back at least twenty-five (25) feet from the right-of-way line of the street; provided all fuel tanks are installed underground. In addition, where the use abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a buffer in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required.
 - b) Garage for the repairing and servicing of motor vehicles provided all operations are conducted within a fully enclosed building; and provided there is no open storage of wrecked vehicles; dismantled parts, or parts visible beyond the premises. One or more of the following options can be used to meet the screening requirements:
 - (1) Solid stockade type fence or wall so as to be 100 percent opaque, of at least six (6) feet in height, constructed of treated wood, masonry, or stone
 - (2) Chain link fence fitted with slats so as to be 100 Percent opaque, of at least six (6) feet in height
 - (3) Natural vegetative buffer of evergreen/non-deciduous plantings that at the time of planting shall be no less than five (5) feet in height and positioned in such a manner that at full growth, the buffer shall be no less than five (5) feet in height and that no discernible visual contact can be made through the buffer. The buffer shall be no less than four (4) feet wide. The ground area within the buffer shall be maintained with a natural landscaping treatment (bark, mulch, etc.), or land cover plantings (grass, creeping junipers, etc.). Natural existing evergreen/non-deciduous vegetation located on the same premises as the use may be used to fulfill or partially fulfill the buffer requirements.
 - c) Combination of residential structure with any use permitted herein.
 - d) Newspaper publishing plant provided that the requirements for parking, loading, and unloading conform to those for industrial buildings, as set forth in Article VII.

- e) Car wash provided an off-street paved parking area capable of accommodating not less than one-half of hourly vehicle washing capacity awaiting entrance to the washing process is suitably located and maintained on the premises (such space to contain at least two hundred (200) square feet per waiting vehicle; and, provided no safety hazard or impediment to traffic movement is created by the operation of such an establishment.
- f) Animal hospital and/or boarding facility provided all board arrangements are maintained within a building and no noise connected with the operation of the facility is audible beyond the premises.
- g) Automobile, boat, recreational vehicle dealerships, open yard for the sale, rental, and/or storage of materials or equipment excluding junk or other salvage. In addition, where the use abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a buffer in compliance with Section 726 of this Ordinance shall be required.
- h) Community hospitals or clinics including any functions which relate directly to the operation of the hospitals or clinics and are contained within the confines of said hospital or clinic, and provided such uses are in compliance with the provisions of Section 711.
- i) Mini warehouse self-storage facilities, so long as no storage unit doors can be viewed from a public right-of-way, or adjoining parcel.
- j) Temporary uses in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.

503.4 Prohibited Uses. Sexually Oriented Businesses and mobile homes.

503.5 Other Requirements. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Ordinance, uses permitted in GC General Commercial Zoning Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards:

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet, or a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield.
- b) Minimum Lot Width measured at the Building Line: Seventy-five (75) feet.

- c) Minimum Front Yard measured from the nearest abutting street right-of-way line: Thirty (30) feet.
- d) Minimum Side Yard: Not less than fifteen (15) feet for each side. Where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a street right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Article VII, Section 702 and 704. If a common wall is used the side setback shall be zero (0) feet.
- e) Minimum Rear Yard: Twenty (20) feet. Where the district abuts any residential zoning district not separated by a public right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots, see Article VII, Section 704.
- f) Maximum Building Height: Thirty-five (35) feet. For structures in excess of thirty-five (35) feet, the Fire Chief's approval is necessary. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 722.
- g) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in GC Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII, pertaining to off-street parking, loading and other requirements.
- h) Signs: Signs permitted in GC Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they must be located, are set forth in Article VI.

Section 504. LI Limited Industrial District.

504.1 Purpose. The intent of the LI Zoning District is to provide areas for limited industrial activities which do not produce emissions of noise, odor, fumes, smoke, gas, dust, fire hazard, dangerous radiation, or other obnoxious conditions, that are detectable on surrounding properties. The regulations which apply within this district are designed to encourage the formation and continuance of a compatible environment for uses generally classified to be limited industrial in nature; protect and reserve undeveloped areas in the Town of Six Mile, which are suitable for such industries; and discourage encroachment by those residential, commercial, or other uses capable of adversely affecting the basic industrial character of the district.

- 504.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses, or those uses similar in nature shall be permitted in any LI Zoning District:
- a) Research or experimental laboratory.
 - b) Transportation terminal, excluding truck terminals which shall be permitted as conditional uses subject to the requirements of Section 510.3.f).
 - c) Public building, facility, or land other than a school, playground, hospital, clinic, care home, or cultural facility
 - d) Public utility installation, not to include transmission towers (see Section 510.3.j).
 - e) Agricultural farm.
 - f) Horticultural nursery.
 - g) Office building and/or offices for governmental, business, professional, or general purposes.
 - h) Commercial, trade, or vocational school.
 - i) Off street commercial parking lot or garage, as well as off-street parking or storage area for customer, client, or employee-owned vehicles.
 - j) Restaurants, delicatessens and other eating establishments.
 - k) Food preparation establishments for off-premise delivery.
 - l) Manufacturing facilities that produce no emissions.
- 504.3 Conditional Uses. The following uses, or those uses similar in nature shall be permitted on a conditional basis in any LI Zoning District, subject to the conditions set forth in Section 804.
- a) Warehouse or other storage facility, provided that there is no external storage of junk or salvage materials of any type in conjunction with the operation.
 - b) Wholesale business outlet, provided that there is no open storage of junk or salvage materials of any type in conjunction with the operation.
 - c) Automobile service station provided that all fuel pumps are set back at least twenty-five (25) feet from the right-of-way line of any street; provided all fuel tanks are installed underground; and, provided that there is no open storage of any type in conjunction with the operation.

- d) Animal hospital and/or boarding facility provided all boarding arrangements are maintained within a building and no noise connected with the operation of the facility is audible beyond the premises.
- e) Retail business provided such business is incidental to a permitted use; is located on the same premises as a permitted use; and involves no open storage of junk or salvage materials or any type in conjunction with the operation.
- f) Truck terminal provided that paved acceleration and deceleration lanes of at least twelve (12) feet in width and one hundred (100) feet in length, respectively, are furnished and maintained at every point where trucks enter or leave terminal sites located adjacent to major streets, provided no safety hazard or impediment to traffic movement is reduced on any access road, and provided no open storage of any type is conducted in connection with the operation.
- g) Watchman or caretaker's one-family dwelling provided that such a dwelling is located on the premises of a permitted use; and, provided a member of the household is employed by the industry as a watchman or caretaker.
- h) Dwelling incidental to a permitted agricultural or horticultural use provided that such related dwellings are occupied only by persons employed directly on the premises.
- i) Garage or shop for the repair and servicing of motor vehicles, equipment or machine parts provided any open yard storage incidental to such an operation conforms to the provisions of Subsection 508.3 (b); and, provided no objectionable sound, vibration, heat, glare, or electrical disturbance is created which is perceptible beyond the premises.
- j) Temporary use in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.

504.4 Prohibited Uses. Sexually Oriented Businesses and mobile homes.

504.5 Other Requirements. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Ordinance, uses permitted in the LI Limited Industrial Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards:

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet, or a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield.
- b) Minimum Lot Width measured at the Building Line: one hundred (100) feet.
- c) Minimum Front Yard measured from the nearest abutting street right-of-way line: Forty (40) feet.
- d) Minimum Side Yard: Not less than twenty (20) feet on each side, except that when the property abuts a non-industrial zoning district not separated by a public right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Section 702 and 704.
- e) Minimum Rear Yard: Thirty-five (35) feet, except that when the property abuts a non-industrial zoning district not separated by a right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots, see Article VII, Section 704.
- f) Maximum Building Height: Not more than thirty-five (35) feet, unless approved by the Fire Chief. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 722.
- g) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in LI Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII, pertaining to off-street parking, loading and other requirements.
- h) Signs: Signs permitted in LI Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they may be located are set forth in Article VI.
- i) Any external storage of inventory, parts, or machinery is established to the rear of the front line of the principal structure and provided that such storage be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall of at least six feet in height composed of treated wood or brick.

Section 505. BI Basic Industrial District.

- 505.1 Intent of District. The intent of the BI, Basic Industrial District is to promote the development and continued use of land for basic or primary industrial purposes which involve extensive manufacturing, processing, or assembly operations; and to preserve undeveloped sizable tracts of land with industrial potential for industrial uses.
- 505.2 Permitted Uses. The following uses, or those uses similar in nature shall be permitted in any BI Zoning District:
- a) Any use permitted in any LI Zoning District, subject to the standards set forth in this Section.
 - b) Any industrial use plus operations incidental to such use which involves manufacturing, processing, or assembly operations, or the storage and sale of heavy materials, products, or equipment; but not including junk or salvage yards or uses which may cause injurious or obnoxious noise, vibration, smoke, gas fumes, odor, dust, fire hazards, dangerous radiation or similar conditions.
 - c) Animal hospital and/or board facility.
 - d) Warehouse.
 - e) Bulk storage of petroleum products.
- 505.3 Conditional Uses. The following uses, or those uses similar in nature shall be permitted on a conditional basis in any BI Zoning District, subject to the conditions set forth in Section 804:
- a) Any use permitted on a conditional basis in any LI Zoning District, subject to the conditions of Subsection 510.3 and Article VIII, Section 804.
 - b) Retail or wholesale business or service, provided such business or service is incidental to a permitted industrial use; and is located on the same premises.
 - c) Truck terminal, provided that paved acceleration and deceleration lanes of at least twelve (12) feet in width and one hundred (100) feet in length, respectively, are furnished and maintained at every point where trucks

enter or leave terminal sites; and, provided sites for such facilities have direct access to major streets.

- d) Private recreation facilities provided such facility is incidental to a permitted use and located on the same premises.
- e) Open yard use for the sale, rental and/or storage of new, used or salvaged, materials, or equipment, provided that such use is conducted in a manner that it will be located on a site no less than one (1) acre in size, and provided no burning of materials or products is conducted on the premises except by means approved by the Fire Chief or Fire Inspector; and in the case of external storage or used or salvaged materials and/or equipment, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required along all property lines.
- f) Temporary uses are permitted in compliance with the provisions of Article VIII, Section 804.

505.4 Prohibited Uses. Mobile homes.

505.5 Other Requirements. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this Ordinance, uses permitted in BI Basic Industrial Zoning Districts shall be required to conform to the following standards:

- a) Minimum Lot Area: Twenty two thousand (22,000) square feet, or a lot of sufficient size to receive DHEC approval for a septic tank and drainfield..
- b) Minimum Lot Width measured at the Building Line: One Hundred (100) feet.
- c) Minimum Front Yard measured from the nearest abutting street right-of-way line: Forty (40) feet.
- d) Minimum Side Yard: No less than twenty (20) feet on each side, except that when the property abuts a non-industrial zoning district not separated by a right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required. For side yard requirements pertaining to corner lots, see Article VII, Sections 702 and 704.

- e) Minimum Rear Yard: Thirty-five (35) feet, except that where the property abuts another zoning district not separated by a right-of-way, a buffer strip in compliance with Section 726 of this ordinance shall be required be required. For rear yard requirements pertaining to double frontage lots see Article VII, Section 704.
- f) Maximum Building Height: No more than thirty-five (35) feet, unless approved by the Fire Chief. For exceptions to height regulations, see Article VII, Section 722.
- g) Additional Requirements: Uses permitted in BI Zoning Districts shall meet all standards set forth in Article VII pertaining to off-street parking, loading, and other requirements.
- h) Signs: Signs permitted in BI Zoning Districts, including the conditions under which they may be located, are set forth in Article VI.
- i) Any external storage of inventory, parts, or machinery is established to the rear of the front line of the principal structure and provided that such storage be completely enclosed by a solid fence or wall of at least six feet in height composed of treated wood or brick.

Section 506. Historic Preservation Overlay District

506.1 Intent of the District. The intent and purpose of the Historic Overlay District is to provide for the preservation and protection of historic and architecturally valuable structures, neighborhoods, scenic areas, cultural sites, or any combination thereof, by means of restricting the right to erect, demolish, modify, or alter the exterior appearance of all buildings or structures within the boundaries of the district. The regulations within this district shall protect against the destruction of, or encroachment upon, areas and structures that would have an adverse effect upon the intended character of this district and will assure that new structures, and modifications to existing structures, within such districts, will be in keeping with the character to be preserved and enhanced.

506.2 Establishment of Boundaries. The Town Council, upon receiving a recommendation from the Planning Commission, may establish, change, and define districts that are deemed to be of historic or architectural value in

accordance with amendment procedures as set forth within this ordinance. Historic district boundaries shall be shown on the official zoning map. All provisions and requirements for the underlying zoning district shall be applicable, in addition to the provisions for the Historic Preservation Districts.

506.3

Historic District Commission.

- a) A Historic Commission, with a membership of five (5) persons, all of whom are to be residents of the Town of Six Mile, and all of whom are qualified by special interest, knowledge, or training in such fields as history, architecture, preservation, or urban design, and who have knowledge of and have demonstrated an interest in the preservation of historic and architectural areas in the Town, shall be established to administer the regulations of the historic district.
- b) Members shall be appointed for terms of three (3) years each. Initial appointments shall be made at one (1) member for one (1) year, two (2) members for two (2) years, and two (2) members for three (3) years in order to insure that members' terms do not expire at the same time.
- c) In the event of a vacancy on the Commission, the Town Council shall make an interim appointment for the remainder of an unexpired term.
- d) Organization and Regulation
 - (1) The Commission shall organize annually, and elect a chairman.
 - (2) The Commission shall establish rules relating to its function and responsibilities, provided that such rules are published and approved by the Town Council. Prior to adopting said rules, obtain public hearing and comment.
 - (3) All meetings shall be open to the public, and any interested person may appear before the Commission and be heard.
 - (4) The Commission shall keep a written record of its proceedings and actions on all applications, and provide a copy on file for public view.

506.4

Applications, Powers and Procedures.

- a) Application.
 - (1) Any person, individual, firm, or corporation proposing to construct, alter, reconstruct, move, demolish, or repair any structure within the

Historic District, if such changes would affect the exterior appearance, shall file an application for said work. The application shall be filed with the zoning department.

- (2) The Historic Commission shall review the applications within the Historic District, under the above noted requirement, and approve or reject such application.
 - (3) In reviewing the application and plans, the Historic District Commission shall give consideration to:
 - (a) The historic, or architectural value of the structure and its relation to the historic value of its surrounding area.
 - (b) The general compatibility of exterior design, arrangement, texture, and materials proposed to be used.
 - (c) Special features in historic areas, such as their architectural integrity and spatial relationship among buildings. Spatial relationships include courtyards, street patterns, the scale of buildings, and open space.
 - (d) Any other factors, including aesthetic factors, which the Commission deems to be pertinent to the proposed application.
- b) Intent of the Commission. It is the intent of the Commission to not limit new construction to any one (1) period or architectural style. It is also the intent of the Commission to be lenient in its judgment of plans for structures of little historic value, or for plans involving new construction, except where such plans would seriously impair the historic or architectural value of surrounding structures.
- c) Approval or Rejection of Application.
- (1) The Commission shall file with the zoning administrator and the building inspector its certificate of approval, modification, or rejection of all applications submitted for review. All certificates shall be in writing and shall set forth the reasons for approval, modification, or rejection of the application.
 - (2) No work shall begin until such certified approval has been filed.
 - (3) Failure of the historic commission to act within forty-five (45) days from the date of the application being filed shall constitute approval

unless an extension is mutually agreed upon by the applicant and the Commission.

- d) Appeals. Any applicant, person, firm or corporation aggrieved by a decision of the Historic District Commission shall have the right of appeal of that decision to the zoning board. Written notice of appeal shall be submitted to the secretary of the zoning board within thirty (30) days from the Historic District Commission's decision.

Section 507. Corridor Overlay District

507.1 Intent of the District. The following standards are intended to address the site plan layout considerations for the development of public and private property within the Development Corridors. These requirements are set forth to establish a unifying theme for the Development Corridors by implementing several key streetscape elements along both sides of the highways. This section also specifies minimum performance standards for site planning considerations as they apply to the opportunities for new development on vacant properties and rehabilitation of already developed properties within the Development Corridors. Specific purposes of the district are;

- a) To create a streetscape improvement plan that addresses the implementation of a united theme for street tree planting and light fixtures adjacent to the public right-of-way throughout the Development Corridors,
- b) To facilitate any future highway improvements by the South Carolina Department of Transportation,
- c) To require intensive land uses to provide adequate buffering and screening for the protection of existing and emerging residential neighborhoods to the rear of commercial development,
- d) To provide for beautification of individual properties by requiring minimum standards for internal landscaping of parking lots, and
- e) To encourage the consolidation of driveway access points in order to better increase safety and facilitate traffic movement.

507.2 Application. These performances standards are applicable to all new construction, rehabilitation of construction, and remodeling or renovation

projects, as well for properties for which zoning is requested within the corridors, except as specified herein. Compliance with the regulations set forth in this ordinance shall be required when a building permit is issued or when an application for rezoning is approved unless it is demonstrated that work necessary to bring the property into compliance with this ordinance will be undertaken simultaneously with a development, rehabilitation, remodeling or redevelopment project.

Requirements and specifications of this ordinance are applicable to all properties which are within town limits. The standards shall extend back to a depth of four hundred (400) feet from the centerline of all roads from highways 133, 137, Old Seneca Road and Liberty Highway.

The Development Corridors are currently characterized by a mixture of existing uses that include free-standing commercial shopping centers, apartments, single family residences, mobile homes, and a number of vacant or underdeveloped properties. Although there are a fair number of existing single-family homes, the area is in transition. Many of these homes may eventually be replaced with strip commercial development or converted to small free-standing businesses. The future land use pattern will most likely include a greater amount of professional offices, shopping centers, free-standing commercial activities, and multifamily residential uses.

Properties in the Development Corridors are subject to the zoning regulations in the adopted Zoning Ordinance for the Town of Six Mile, South Carolina, and depicted on the Official Zoning Map. The standards herein will thus function as overlay requirements for properties within the town limits of Six Mile.

The site planning performance standards and associated requirements included herein shall serve as the criteria by which all projects within the corridors will be reviewed. These standards will apply to all new developments and redevelopment projects with the exception of the construction, rehabilitation, or remodeling of individual single family residences.

507.3 Exemptions. The following activities shall be exempt from the requirements of Section 507:

- A) If a building permit is sought for construction, rehabilitation, or the remodeling of a single-family home, the regulations of this ordinance shall not apply.
- B) If an application for a zoning change is filed, the subject parcel shall not be required to be bought into conformance with this ordinance until a building permit is sought, or until the parcel is used for a non-single family residential activity.

507.4 GENERAL REGULATIONS

- A. Building Placement. All new development or redevelopment projects are required to adhere to the minimum yard requirements as set forth in the applicable zone of the Town of Six Mile Zoning Ordinance.
- B. Street Tree Planting. All properties that are subject to redevelopment, subdivision, new development, or rezone activities within the Development Corridor Overlay District as herein defined, shall be subject to the following specific requirements for street planting.
 - 1) Proposed trees should be planted immediately to the rear of the highway right-of-way as defined by the South Carolina Department of Transportation in a minimum eight (8) foot wide planting area.
 - 2) The following tree species shall be planted within the required eight (8) foot planting strip, provided that power lines are installed underground or are relocated so that such trees shall not interfere with utility lines. The type of trees (listed below) to be planted shall be at the option of the property owner or tenant. One (1) tree shall be planted for every 40 feet of street frontage or fraction thereof above 25 feet. Trees shall be a minimum of two (2) inch caliper and eight (8) feet in height at the time of planting.
 - a) Quercus phellos “OPSTA”- Hightower Willow Oak, 40’-60’tall,35’spread
 - b) Quercus phellos “wynstar”- Wynstar Willow Oak, 60’-70’ tall 40’-50’spread

- c) *Acer rubrum* "Bowhall" – Bowhall Red Maple 50' tall 25' spread
 - d) *Ulmus parvifolia* "UPMTF" – Bosque Lacebark Elm, 50'-60' tall 35'-40' spread
 - e) *Zelkova serrata* "Village Green" Village Green Zelkova 50'-60' tall 50'-60' spread
 - f) *Zelkova serrata* "Green Vase"- Green Vase Zelkova 70' tall 50'-60' spread
 - g) *Zelkova serrata* "ZFSKF MYIMAR"- Myimar Zelkova 50'-60' 40'-45' spread
 - h) *Acer barbatum*- Florida Maple 40'-50' 25'-40' spread
- 3) The street trees listed above shall be planted on both sides of the highway. All of the tree species listed above are to be of a large maturing variety.
 - 4) When a building permit is requested for renovation or redevelopment of a previously developed site, and where the required eight (8) foot planting strip does not exist, street trees are required as outlined in Section 302. If a railroad or a utility right-of-way separates the perimeter from a Town right-of-way, the planting strip requirement and the tree planting requirements must still be met as outlined above.
 - 5) If a building is in existence prior to the adoption of this ordinance and situated less than fifty-five (55) feet from the highway right-of-way, the street tree planting requirements in Section 302 shall be waived.

507.5 Parking Lot Landscaping. All parking lots under the jurisdiction ordinance shall comply with the following standards:

- A) All parking lots shall be made of a hard, paved with concrete or black top surface.
- B) Proposed trees should be planted immediately to the rear of the public right-of-way (as defined by the South Carolina Department of Transportation) in a minimum eight (8) foot wide planting area using a combination of informally arranged earth berms at a maximum height of

two (2) feet planted with small evergreen shrubs spaced at three (3) foot of center. Evergreen or deciduous trees shall also be required to be planted adjacent to the public right-of-way. These small trees shall be located so as not to interfere with street tree planting within the public right-of-way.

- C) Whenever the impervious (paved) cover exceeds 10,000 square feet, an area equal to 10% of the total impervious surface must be provided for landscape purposes and tree planting. This 10% requirement is to be in addition to any required perimeter landscaping as outlined in 303.2 above. This interior landscaping can be accomplished by using a combination of shade trees and evergreen shrubs planted in landscaped islands within the parking lot. These islands should be a minimum of six (6) feet wide and the length of a standard parking bay.
- D) Where very large parking areas are required to meet ordinance requirements of the Town of Six Mile, they shall be designed as a series of smaller lots that provide space for no more than one hundred (100) vehicles each. The small parking lots shall be separated by maximum six (6) foot internal planting areas that feature trees planted in grass. In general, a series of smaller lots is aesthetically and functionally preferable to one large lot. The minimum six (6) foot wide separation strip will be in addition to the requirement for ten percent internal parking lot landscaping.

507.6 Screening. Screening of outdoor trash receptacles and utility equipment shall be in compliance with the following standards:

- A) Screening of outdoor trash receptacles and loading/storage areas shall require the installation of an opaque wooden fence or masonry wall at a minimum of six (6) feet in height. The fence or wall shall be constructed in combination with evergreen shrubs planted around the exterior rear and side foundation.
- B) Screening of outdoor utility equipment shall require the installation of an opaque wooden fence or masonry wall that is a minimum one (1) foot higher than the equipment to be screened. The fence or wall shall be constructed in combination with evergreen shrubs planted around the exterior rear and side foundation.

507.7 Building Façade Design and Construction. The front wall or facade of all buildings and structures under the jurisdiction of this ordinance shall be designed and constructed in compliance of the standards listed below:

- A) Any portion of the front wall or façade of any building or structure that is visible from any public road right-of-way, shall be constructed of stone, brick, treated wood siding, glass, concrete block with stucco or any combination of the above. Side wall may be any of the above or hardi plank.
- B) No portion of a front wall or façade and side wall visible from any public road right-of-way of any building or structure shall be constructed of Corrugated metal or aluminum siding, vinyl siding, unpainted rough-sawn wood, rough-sawn shake wood shingles, or exposed untreated concrete or cinder blocks.
- C) No neon banding shall be allowed on the exterior portion of any building or structure that is visible from any public right-of-way.

507.8 Driveway Access. In order to establish SC Highway 133 and 137, Old Seneca Road and Liberty Highway as controlled access major thoroughfares, all driveways under the jurisdiction of this ordinance and providing ingress and/or access onto SC Highways 133 and 137, Old Seneca Road and Liberty Highway shall be subject to the following standards:

- A) No more than single driveway entrances shall be permitted for any single property frontage where the property is less than one hundred (100) feet in width.
- B) No more than two (2) driveway entrances shall be permitted for any single property frontage where the property is greater than one hundred (100) feet in width.
- C) At shopping center locations or other establishments where traffic volume, in relation to capacity, is high, driveways should be located as far from street intersections as practical. In all instances, driveways serving high volume generators are to be a minimum of fifty (50) feet from the intersection of public roads.

- D) Inter-parcel access and shared driveways are encouraged in order to limit the number of driveway curb cuts.

ARTICLE VI

SIGN REGULATIONS

The regulations herein shall apply and govern all zoning districts. Regulations apply to any sign intended for view from a public right-of-way. No sign shall be erected or maintained unless it is in compliance with the regulations of this Article, except that a nonconforming sign, which shall comply with the provisions set forth in Article VII, may be maintained if in existence prior to the adoption of this ordinance.

Section 600. General Provisions.

The following regulations shall apply to all permitted signs in the Town of Six Mile.

- 600.1 A permit shall be required for the erection, alteration, or reconstruction of any sign intended for view from the public right-of-way unless otherwise noted, and shall be issued by the Zoning Administrator in accordance with Article VIII of this Ordinance.
- 600.2 Signs must be constructed of durable materials, maintained in good condition, and not permitted to become dilapidated.

Section 601. Prohibited Signs.

The following signs are prohibited in the Town of Six Mile:

- 601.1 Signs Imitating Warning Signals. No sign shall display intermittent lights resembling the flashing lights customarily used in traffic signals or in police, fire, ambulance, or rescue vehicles, nor shall any sign use the words "stop," "danger," or any other word, phrase, symbol, or character in a manner that might mislead or confuse the driver of an automobile.

- 601.2 Signs Within A Street or Highway Right-of-Way. Except as herein provided, no sign whatsoever, whether temporary or permanent except traffic signs and signals and information signs erected by a public agency, is permitted within any street or highway right-of-way.
- 601.3 Certain Attached and Painted Signs. Signs painted on or attached to trees, fence posts, and telephone or other utility poles or signs painted on or attached to rocks or other natural features or painted on the roofs of buildings are prohibited.
- 601.4 Fluttering Ribbons and Banners. Flutter ribbons and banners and similar devices are prohibited, except the flags of governments and their agencies (except as noted in Section 607.3).
- 601.5 Roof Signs. Signs attached, mounted, or painted on a roof structure are prohibited. This does not pertain to signs attached to or printed on a fascia.

Section 602. Signs For Which a Permit is Not Required.

A permit is not required for the following types of signs in any Zoning District.

- 602.1 Traffic, directional, warning, or information signs authorized by any public agency.
- 602.2 Official notices issued by any court, public agency, or office.
- 602.3 One non-illuminated "for sale," "for rent," or "for lease" sign not exceeding six (6) square feet in area in residential districts and thirty-two (32) square feet in other than residential districts and located not less than ten (10) feet back from the street right-of-way line, unless attached to the front wall of a building.

- 602.4 Entrance, exit and instructional signs, so long as they do not exceed four (4) square feet in area, are no higher than three (3) feet above adjacent pavement and contain no advertisement.
- 602.5 Identification signs indicating the name and street number or owner or occupant of a parcel, so long as such signs do not exceed four (4) square feet of copy area.
- 602.6 Signs attached or integrated into a gasoline pump, automatic bank teller machine, or drive through component of a fast food restaurant, which give operational instructions to users, the price of the product, the brand name of the product, or descriptive information about the product.

Section 603. Regulations Applying to Specified Types of Signs.

The following regulations apply to the following specified types of signs:

- 603.1 Wall Signs. Signs on the walls of a building (including signs attached flat against the wall, painted wall signs and projecting signs) shall meet the following requirements:
- a) Signs on the Front Surface of a Building. The total area of signs on the exterior front surface of a building shall not exceed fifteen (15%) percent of the front surface of the building, so long as the figure does not exceed the total amount of sign area permitted within the Zoning District where the sign or signs are to be located. Awnings and fascia areas shall be included in determining the surface area.
 - b) Signs on the Side and Rear Surface of a Building. The total area of signs on a side or rear surface of a building shall not exceed ten (10%) percent of the exterior side or rear surface of the building, respectively, so long as this figure does not exceed the total amount of sign area permitted within the Zoning District where the sign or signs are to be located. Awnings and fascia areas shall be included in determining the surface area. In addition, such signs shall be allowed only on building surfaces (walls) fronting directly on a public road or a parking lot containing five (5) or more parking stalls.
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- c) All freestanding signs shall be either a berm or a solid base design. For a berm sign, a landscape plan for the berm area located around the sign itself shall be submitted along with the sign application. A structured base monument sign shall be constructed of brick, or stone, or similar materials that are consistent with the material(s) used in the construction of the front façade of the principal building.
 - d) The height of a freestanding monument sign shall be measured from the finished grade elevation at the edge of the adjacent public roadway (the edge closest to the proposed sign location).
 - e) Sign lighting shall be positioned so that no light shines on adjacent streets and roadways or properties.
 - f) No more than three colors are permitted on any one sign (not to include the color white)
 - g) Signs can be illuminated and the lighting shall be limited to one color.
 - h) Neon banding shall not be incorporated within or around the sign.
 - i) One freestanding monument sign is allowed for a parcel of land containing a single business or use, and this sign shall:
 - 1) Be limited to one freestanding monument sign assembly consisting of one (1) sign not to exceed thirty two(32) square feet in area.
 - 2) Be located on the premises of the business to which it refers;
 - 3) Be set back ten (10) feet from any public road right-of-way and property line and may be located in a buffer yard;
 - 4) Be no higher than fifteen (15) feet above the finished grade elevation at the edge of the adjacent public roadway;
 - 5) Be no more than ten (10) feet in width;
 - 6) Not restrict visibility to vehicular or pedestrian traffic;
 - 7) Be permanently mounted to the ground;
 - 8) Be of a design consistent with the façade of the building to which it refers.
 - j) One (1) freestanding monument sign is allowed for a parcel of land containing more than one business or use, and this sign shall:
 - 1) Be limited to one (1) freestanding monument sign assembly or structure;
 - 2) Be located on the premises of said business or uses;
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- 3) Be set back ten (10) feet from any public right-of-way and property line and may be located within a buffer yard;
- 4) Be no higher than fifteen (15) feet above finished grade elevation at the edge of the adjacent public roadway;
- 5) Not exceed twenty (20) square feet per business or one hundred twenty (120) square feet in total area.
- 6) If containing one (1) area for changeable copy or an electronic message board, this area is to be incorporated within the main sign area, and be included as part of the total allowable sign area. The area for changeable copy or electronic message board may not exceed eight (8) square feet.
- 7) Be permanently mounted to the ground;
- 8) Not restrict visibility to vehicular or pedestrian traffic;
- 9) Be of a design consistent with the façade of the building to which it refers.

603.2 Signs on Work Under Construction. One non-illuminated sign, not exceeding twenty (20) square feet in residential districts, or thirty-two (32) square feet in non-residential districts, displaying the name of the building, the contractors, the architects, the engineers, the owners, and the financial, selling, and development agencies, is permitted upon the premises of any work under construction, alteration, or removal. Such sign shall be removed from the site within seven (7) days after the completion of the project.

603.3 Subdivision Entrance Signs. One (1) or two (2) signs shall be permitted at each entrance of a residential subdivision, provided that such signs do not exceed a total of thirty-two (32) square feet at any subdivision entrance. Provided further that such signs shall have a maximum height of six (6) feet. If illuminated, only indirect lighting shall be permitted. If such subdivision entrance sign is built into a decorative wall or fence, the maximum copy area and setback requirements shall comply with regulations for fences contained herein.

- 603.4 Private Directional Signs. Signs indicating the location and direction of premises available for or in the process of development, but not erected upon such premises, and having inscribed thereon the name of the owner, developer, builder, or agency, may be erected and maintained, provided:
- a) the size of any such sign is not in excess of six (6) square feet, and not in excess of four (4) feet in length;
 - b) not more than one (1) such sign is erected for each five hundred (500) feet of street frontage.
- 603.5 Free-Standing Sign. Freestanding signs shall meet Building Code structural provisions and NEC (National Electric Code) electrical requirements. In addition, free-standing signs shall be either a berm or solid base design. For a berm sign, a landscape plan for the berm area located around the sign itself shall be submitted along with the sign application. A structured base monument sign shall be constructed of brick, or stone, or similar materials that are consistent with the materials in use in the construction of the front façade of the principal building.
- 603.6 Political Campaign Signs.
- a) Political campaign signs shall be permitted in compliance with the regulations included herein. Such signs shall not count in the number of signs permitted calculations or sign area permitted calculations included in Section 607.1 (b) of this ordinance and shall be permitted in any zoning district. Such signs shall conform to all other provisions of this and all other applicable ordinances of the Town of Six Mile.
 - b) Usage of a political campaign sign by any candidate or supporters of any issue shall require issuance of a Political Campaign Sign Permit by the Town of Six Mile.
 - c) The maximum number of political campaign signs that can be located in the Town by any candidate for office or supporter of an issue shall be ten (10).
 - d) Political campaign signs shall be permitted in any zoning district.
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- e) Permits for political campaign signs shall not exceed a period commencing from forty-five days(45) prior to the date of the election through the seventh day after the last date upon which that candidate's name or that issue appears on a ballot for a primary, runoff, general or special election.
- f) To secure a political campaign sign permit, the applicant must pledge to remove all political signs within seven days (7) after the expiration of the political campaign sign permit. The property owner's permission must be granted for the placement of any political sign on private property. The placement of such sign on the public right-of-way, or the attachment of any such sign to a tree, fence post, or utility pole is prohibited.
- g) The size of any such sign is not in excess of six (6) square feet, and not in excess of three (3) feet in width;

Section 604. Sign Illumination.

Sign illumination shall be limited to one (1) color. Lighting shall be positioned so that no light shines on adjacent streets, roadways, or properties. Neon banding shall not be incorporated within or around a sign.

Section 605. Height Limitations.

No signs, except as otherwise provided, shall exceed the height limit of the district in which they are located.

Section 606. Signs Permitted in Residential Districts.

606.1 Permitted Signs and Conditions. The following types of signs are permitted in LR Districts:

- a) Signs for which permits are not required.
 - b) For multiple family dwellings, group dwellings, and for buildings other than dwellings, a single non-illuminated business identification sign or bulletin board not exceeding thirty-two (32) square feet in area. Such sign
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or bulletin board shall be set back not less than ten (10) feet from any street right-of-way line.

- c) Subdivision signs and private directional signs, under the provisions of Subsections 603.3 and 603.4.
- d) Political campaign signs, in accordance with Section 603.6.
- e) One (1) non-illuminated professional or business name plate not exceeding three (3) square foot in area mounted flat against the wall of a building in which there is conducted a permitted home occupation.

Section 607. Signs Permitted in Commercial and Industrial Districts.

607.1 Permitted Signs and Conditions. The following types of signs are permitted in OC, NC, GC, LI, and BI Districts:

- a) All signs permitted in residential districts are permitted in commercial and industrial districts.
- b) Within the front or side setback area of any parcel in an OC, NC, GC, LI, or BI Zone, a maximum of one (1) permanently mounted detached sign of the class required to secure a permit shall be permitted. The maximum allowable sign copy area for any individual sign permitted under this provision shall be one thirty-two (32) square feet, except that if more than one (1) business is located on a parcel, then the maximum area for the free-standing sign on the parcel shall be twenty (20) square feet, with an overall maximum of one hundred twenty (120) square feet. No such sign shall be located closer than ten (10) feet to any street right-of-way. The maximum height of detached signs shall be fifteen (15) feet, as measured from the finished grade elevation at the edge of the adjacent public roadway. The maximum width of any free-standing sign shall be ten (10) feet.
- c) Wall signs shall, in no case, exceed the requirements of Section 603.1.
- d) Signs in any commercial or industrial district may be illuminated.

607.2 Portable Signs.

- a) Definition: A mobile sign that is mounted on a trailer-type frame or portable wood or metal frame not permanently attached to the ground.

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- b) Usage of portable signs shall conform to permitting requirements in Section 600.1, construction and maintenance requirements in Section 600.2, prohibited sign requirements in Section 601, and number of signs permitted stipulations, Section 607.1 b), of this Ordinance, except as provided below.
 - c) If a portable sign is to be illuminated it shall be in compliance of all Southern Standard Building Code and UL Regulations. Any electrical wiring, utilized for illumination extended from a building to a portable sign, shall be encased in a solid conduit pipe and shall be buried underground or beneath pavement. Utilization of an above ground electric extension cord is expressly prohibited.
 - d) One (1) portable sign, in addition to the number of signs permitted under Section 607.1 b) of this ordinance, may be used by a licensed business, institution, or civic organization for a maximum of up to sixty (60) days each calendar year. Utilization of a portable sign under this provision shall require the issuance of a Sales Event Sign Permit by the Town of Six Mile. The Town Council of Six Mile is hereby authorized to establish a fee for the Sales Event Sign Permit. Any sign permitted under this provision shall conform to all requirements of the Zoning Ordinance and all applicable ordinances of the Town of Six Mile.

607.3 Temporary Use of Temporary A-Frame Signs, Fluttering Ribbons and Banners. Temporary A-Frame signs, fluttering ribbons and banners may be used by a newly established licensed business, institution, or civic organization for a maximum of up to thirty (30) days during the first year that the business, institution, or civic organization is located at a site. Utilization of fluttering ribbons or a banner under this provision shall require the issuance of a Special Event Sign Permit by the Town of Six Mile. The Town Council of Six Mile is hereby authorized to establish a fee for the Special Event Sign Permit.

ARTICLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 700. Water and Air Pollution.

All uses must satisfactorily comply with the requirements of the State Board of Health and the Pickens County Board of Health regarding the protection of waterways from pollution by dust, smoke, or other waste materials.

Section 701. Street Access.

Except as herein provided, no building shall be erected, constructed, moved, or relocated on a lot not located on a publicly dedicated, publicly accepted or publicly maintained street with a right-of-way of not less than thirty (30) feet.

Section 702. Corner Lots.

On lots having frontage on more than one street at an intersection, the minimum street side yard requirement shall be equal to the minimum front yard requirement.

Section 703. Location of Buildings on Lots and Residential Limitations.

Every building or use hereafter erected or established shall be located on a Lot of Record, and every one- and two-family residential structure, except as herein provided, shall be located on an individual Lot of Record. In all cases, the principal buildings on a lot shall be located within the area formed by the building lines at outer boundaries, and in no case shall such buildings infringe beyond the building lines into the respective front, side, rear yard, or other setbacks required for the district in which the lot is located.

Section 704. Double Frontage Lots.

On lots having frontage on two streets, but not located on a corner, the minimum front yard shall be provided on each street in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. On lots having frontage on more than two streets, the minimum front yard shall be provided in accordance with the regulations set forth in this Ordinance on all of the street frontages.

Section 705. Front Yard Requirements.

The setback requirements of this Ordinance shall not apply to any lot where the average setback on already built upon lots, located wholly or in part within one hundred (100) feet of each such lot and within the block and zoning district and fronting on the same street as such lot, is less than the minimum required setback. In such cases, the setback on such a lot may be less than the required setback but not less than the average of the existing setbacks on the developed lots. However, in no case shall setbacks be less than fifteen (15) feet.

Section 706. Measurement of Front, Side, Rear Yards; Determination of Buildable Area.

The required front, side, and rear yards for individual lots, as set forth for the particular Zoning District within which a given lot is located, shall be measured inward toward the center of said lot from all points along the respective front, side, and rear property lines of the lot. Once the yard areas of a given lot have been established, the remaining area of the lot which is not included in any required front, side, or rear lot shall be know as the "Buildable Area."

Section 707. Nonconforming Buildings or Uses.

Nonconforming buildings or uses are declared by this Ordinance to be incompatible with permitted uses in the districts involved. However, to avoid undue hardship, the lawful use of any building or land use at the time of the enactment of this Ordinance may be continued even though such use does not conform to the provisions of this Ordinance. However, in the event that any of the following shall occur, the nonconforming status shall terminate, and the parcel, building, structure, or land, shall only be used in full compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance

for the zoning district in which the use is located, as well as any other town, county, state, or federal regulation, law, or statute.

- (1) changed to another nonconforming use;
- (2) reused or reoccupied after discontinuance of use or occupancy for a period exceeding twelve (12) months;
- (3) re-established, reoccupied, or replaced with the same or similar building, or land use after physical removal or relocation from its specific site location;
- (4) repaired, rebuilt, or altered after damage exceeding sixty (60) percent of its replacement cost at the time of destruction;
- (5) enlarged or altered in a way which increases its nonconformity.

Nothing in this section shall be meant to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any building or part thereof declared to be unsafe by any official lawfully charged with protecting the public safety, upon order of such official.

Section 708. Home Occupation.

A home occupation shall be permitted in any residential district, provided such occupation:

- (1) shall have no employees other than members of the family residing on the premises report for work at the residence;
 - (2) utilizes not more than fifty percent (50%) of the total floor area of the principal building (such use may be conducted in a garage or accessory structure, so long as such structure is compatible with the residential character of the area);
 - (3) produces no alteration or change in the character or exterior appearance of the principal building from that of a dwelling;
 - (4) no display of products shall be visible from the street and only articles made on the premises may be sold; except that nondurable articles (consumable products) that are incidental to a service, which service shall be the principle use in the home occupation, may be sold on the premises;
 - (5) creates no disturbing or offensive noise, vibration, smoke, dust, odor, heat, glare, traffic hazard, unhealthy or unsightly condition;
 - (6) is not visibly evident from outside the dwelling except for a sign of three (3) square feet or smaller in size and mounted against a wall of the principal building;
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- (7) provides off-street parking commensurate with its occupation type as cited in Article VII, Section 712.
 - (8) a home occupation permit is obtained from the Zoning Administrator. Home occupation permits may be issued for periods not to exceed twenty-four (24) months. An unlimited number of renewals are permitted; however, the issuance in no way obligates the Town to issue additional permits.
 - a. If the Zoning Administrator denies the issuance of a home occupation permit based on a determination that the proposed activity does not meet one or more of the requirements of this section, the denial may be appealed to the Board of Adjustments.

Section 709. Accessory Uses.

In addition to the principal uses, each of the following uses is considered to be a customary accessory use, and as such may be situated on the same lot with the principal use or uses to which it serves as accessory.

- 709.1 Uses Customarily Accessory to Dwellings.
- a) Private garage not to exceed the following storage capacities: one- or two-family dwelling -- 4 automobiles; multi-family dwelling -- 2 automobiles per dwelling unit; board house -- 1.5 automobiles per dwelling unit.
 - b) Open storage space or parking area for motor vehicles provided that such space does not exceed the maximum respective storage capacities listed under Subsection 709.1 (a) above; and provided that such space shall not be used for more than one (1) commercial vehicle licensed as one ton or less in capacity per family residing on the premises.
 - c) Shed or tool room for the storage of equipment used in grounds or building maintenance.
 - d) Private kennels. Kennels used for commercial purposes are prohibited.
 - e) Private swimming pool and bathhouse or cabana.
 - f) Structures designed and used for purposes of shelter in the event of man-made or natural catastrophes.
 - g) Noncommercial flower, ornamental shrub or vegetable garden, greenhouse or slat house not over eight (8) feet in height.
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- 709.2 Uses Customarily Accessory to Church Building.
- a) Religious education buildings.
 - b) Parsonage, parorium or parish house, together with any use accessory to a dwelling as listed under Subsection 709.1.
 - c) Off-street parking area for the use, without charge, of members and visitors of the church.
- 709.3 Uses Customarily Accessory to Retail Businesses, Office Use and Commercial Recreation Facilities.
- a) Off-street parking or storage area for customer, client, or employee owned vehicles.
 - b) Completely enclosed building for the storage of supplies, stock, or merchandise.
 - c) Light manufacturing and/or repair facility incidental to the principal use provided that dust, odor, smoke, noise, vibration, heat, or glare produced as a result of such manufacturing or repair operation is not perceptible from any boundary line of the lot on which said principal and accessory uses are located and provided such operation is not otherwise specifically prohibited in the district in which the principal use is located.

Section 710. Setback and Other Yard Requirements for Accessory Uses.

The minimum front setback of the zoning district in which the parcel is located shall serve as the minimum front setback for accessory uses. For accessory structures of not greater than six hundred (600) square feet in area, or fifteen (15) feet in height and swimming pools, the minimum rear setback shall be ten (10) feet and the minimum side setback shall be ten (10) feet, except that in the RM zoning district the minimum side setback shall be eight (8) feet, and in the CBD district the minimum side and rear setbacks shall be five (5) feet. The accessory use shall occupy not more than thirty (30) percent of the required rear and side yard. For any accessory use of greater than six hundred (600) square feet in area or fifteen (15) feet in height, except swimming pools, the minimum setbacks of the zoning district in which the use is located shall apply, except that in the CBD district the minimum setback shall be five (5) feet.

Section 711. Off-Street Parking.

Areas suitable for parking or storing automobiles in off-street locations shall hereafter be required in all zoning districts, except in the CC, Core Commercial Zone, at the time of the initial construction or any principal building producing an increase in dwelling units, guest rooms, floor area, seating or bed capacity, or when a conversion in use occurs. Each individual parking space shall have unobstructed access either directly to a street or alley or to a street or alley through interior drive lanes. No parking space shall be designed or laid out in a manner so that it is completely blocked from access to a public street or alley by other parking spaces. Parking spaces shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the following requirements:

<u>USE</u>	<u>PARKING SPACES REQUIRED</u>
Automobile repair garages	1 space per 150 square feet of net floor area
Automobile sales lots	1 space per 50 square feet of net floor area for customer and employee parking
Automobile service stations	3 spaces for each service bay, with a minimum of 5 spaces required. Self service gasoline sales: Minimum of 2 permanent parking spaces
Banks and other financial	1 space per 200 square feet of institutions net floor area
Business and professional offices, government offices	1 space per 200 square feet of net floor area
Boarding and lodging houses	1 spaces per bedroom, plus 3 additional spaces
Churches and other places of worship	1 space per 3 seats in main auditorium
Clinics and similar operations	1.25 space per 200 square feet of net floor area
Dwellings, single and two-family	2 spaces per dwelling unit

Food stores, equal to or less than 3,500 square feet	1 space per 100 square feet of net floor area
Food stores, from 3,500 to 25,000 square feet	1 space per 200 square feet of floor area
Food stores, greater than 25,000	1 space per 300 square feet of floor area

USEPARKING SPACES REQUIRED

Funeral homes	1 space per each 4 seats in main chapel or parlor
General business, commercial or personal service establishments catering to retail trade, but not including foods stores, service and repair businesses	1 space per 200 square feet of net floor area
Homes for the aged, rest homes, personal care homes, and similar institutional uses	1 space per 3 beds
Hospitals, sanitariums and nursing homes	1 space per 2 beds
Lodges, fraternal or social organizations	1 space per 200 square feet of net floor area
Motels, hotels, tourist homes and transient hotels	1.25 spaces per unit
Mobile homes	2 spaces per each mobile home lot
Multi-family apartment and condominium communities	1.75 parking spaces for each dwelling unit
Fee-simple dwelling units, attached	2 spaces per dwelling unit

or detached

Restaurants, delicatessens, etc.

1 space per 300 square feet of net floor area

Shopping centers

1 space per 200 square feet of net floor area for all stores other than supermarkets or grocery stores. For grocery stores, see food store requirements above.

USE

PARKING SPACES REQUIRED

Schools, elementary, junior high, middle

2 spaces per classroom

Schools, secondary

5 spaces per classroom

Schools, college, trade, or vocational

8 spaces per classroom

Community recreation centers,
swimming pools, golf courses
and similar uses

20 spaces

Theaters, auditoriums, funeral homes,
gymnasiums, stadiums and other
places of assembly

1 space per 4.00 seats

Wholesale, warehousing operations

1 space per 200 square feet of net area devoted to sales or display. 1 space per 500 square feet of net manufacturing area. 1 space per 5,000 square feet of net floor area devoted to storage. Manufacturing facilities 1 space per 200 square feet of net area devoted to sales or display. 1 space per 500 square feet of net manufacturing area. 1 space per 5,000 square feet of net floor area devoted to storage.

Section 712. Parking Space Area Requirements.

Parking lot design shall conform to the following standards.

a)

<u>Angle of Parking Space</u>	<u>Width of Stall</u>	<u>Depth of Stall</u>	<u>Area of Stall</u>	<u>Minimum Driveway Width</u>	<u>Length of Curb</u>
Parallel	9'	23' 0"	207' 0"	12' - 24'	23' 0"
30 degree	9'	17' 4"	156' 0"	11' - 24'	18' 0"
45 degree	9'	19' 10"	178' 6"	13' - 24'	12' 9"
60 degree	9'	20' 0"	189' 0"	18' - 24'	10' 5"
90 degree	9'	20' 0"	180' 0"	24'	9' 0"

b) All parking areas except those within Agricultural Districts shall be paved.

Section 713. Location on Other Property.

If the required automobile space cannot reasonably be provided on the same lot on which the principal use is conducted, such spaces may be provided on other off-street property provided such property lies within four hundred (400) feet of the main entrance to such principal use. Such automobile parking space shall be associated with the principal use and shall not thereafter be reduced or encroached upon in any manner.

Section 714. Common Off-Street Parking Areas.

Two or more principal uses may utilize a common area in order to comply with off-street parking requirements, providing that the total number of individual spaces available in such common area is not less than the sum of the spaces required for the individual uses as separately computed in accordance with the provisions of this section, and provided that the owner of said lot relinquish his development rights over the property until such time as parking space is provided elsewhere. If activities sharing combined parking are not in operation at the same time, each parking space may be counted for each activity.

Section 715. Use of Public Rights-of-Way for Maneuvering.

When determining parking area requirements for uses other than residential, portions of the public right-of-way on streets may not be considered as permissible for maneuvering incidental to parking. Parking facilities shall provide space outside the public rights-of-way for maneuvering incidental to parking.

Section 716. Spacing Requirements for Curb Cuts.

Curb cuts for service drives, entrances, exits and similar facilities shall not be located closer than fifty (50) feet to the intersection of any public street right-of-way lines. Private curb cuts shall be no greater than forty (40) feet in width and shall be placed no closer than ten (10) feet to any property or lot line.

Section 717. Off-Street Loading and Unloading Spaces.

Every lot on which a business, trade, or industry is hereafter established, shall provide space as indicated herein for the loading and unloading of vehicles off the street. Such space shall have access to an alley, or if there is no alley, to a street. For the purpose of this section an off-street loading space shall have minimum dimensions of twelve (12) feet by forty (40) feet and be clear and free of obstructions at all times. Required space shall be considered as follows:

1. Retail Business: One (1) space for each five thousand (5,000) square feet of gross floor area.
2. Wholesale, industrial, governmental and institutional uses, including public assembly places, hospitals, and educational institutions: One (1) space for the first twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet of total floor space area. For anything in excess of twenty-five thousand (25,000) square feet, such uses shall provide loading spaces according to the following schedule:

<u>Square Feet</u>	<u>No. of Spaces</u>
25,001 - 99,999	2
100,000 - 159,999	3
160,000 - 239,999	4
240,000 - 349,999	5
For each additional 100,000 or fraction thereof	1 additional

3. Multi-family residences with ten (10) or more dwelling units: One (1) space.

Section 718. Visibility at Street Intersections.

In all zoning districts established by this Ordinance, no fence, wall, terrace, sign, shrubbery, planting or other structure or object capable of obstructing driver vision between the heights of three (3) and ten (10) feet above the finished street level shall be permitted on a corner lot within twenty-five (25) feet of the point formed by the intersection of the street right-of-way lines (or such lines extended in case of a rounded corner) which bound said lot.

Section 719. Visibility at Private Drives and Entrances Intersecting with Public Streets.

At the intersection of any private drive or entrance or exit with a public street, no fence, wall, hedge, or other planting or sign forming a material impediment to visibility between a height of two and one-half (2-1/2) feet and seven (7) feet shall be erected, planted, placed or maintained within fifteen (15) feet of the intersection.

Section 720. Exceptions to Height Limits.

The height limitations of this Ordinance shall not apply to church spires, belfries, cupolas and domes not intended for human occupancy; monuments, water towers, observation towers, transmission towers, silos, chimneys, smokestacks, conveyors, roof signs, flag poles, masts and aerials, provided evidence from appropriate authorities is submitted to the effect that such building or structure will not interfere with any airport approach zones or flight patterns.

Section 721. Parking, Storage or Use of Campers ,Trailers or Other Major Recreational Equipment.

- 1) No major recreational equipment shall be stored on any lot in a municipal corporate limits in the front or side yard.
 - 2) Parking in the rear yard must be ten (10') feet from the side and rear property lines.
 - 3) This equipment may be parked anywhere for a period of twenty-four (24) hours for loading or unloading.No such equipment shall be used for living, sleeping,
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housekeeping purposes when parked or stored on a municipal corporate limits. No recreational vehicle over thirty-six (36) feet in length shall be parked on any lot zoned for residential purposes.

- 4) No commercial vehicle larger than one (1) ton may be parked in a residential area without permission of the Zoning Administrator , except for loading or unloading
- 5) A maximum number of vehicles that may be parked at any residence shall not exceed the number of licensed drivers at this address plus one more vehicle. Additional vehicle will have to be approved by the Zoning administrator. *This rule does not apply to holiday or special events when visitors are expected.
 - A. Vehicles inside an enclosed building are excluded
 - B. Vehicles must be parked in driveway, not in the yard or street.
- 6) The maximum number of residents permitted in any dwelling shall be two (2) per bedroom unless the Zoning Administrator approves otherwise.

Section 722. Parking and Storage of Certain Vehicles.

It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, corporation, or other legal entity to permit, park or store a truck, automotive vehicle or trailer of any kind or type, on any property within the municipal corporate limits:(1) that is not operable; (2) that does not display a lawful and current license tag; and (3) that does not have current liability insurance thereon. These vehicles must be stored in a completely enclosed building or in the rear yard behind a minimum of a 6' solid fence.Vehicles must be totally out of sight from the road and adjacent property. If property is used for commercial purposes the above rules apply except these vehicles may also be stored in the side yard.

Section 723. Bufferyards

723.1 Purpose. The purpose of the bufferyard is to ameliorate the relationship between adjacent land uses including (1) minimizing nuisances and (2) promoting compatibility.

The bufferyard offers several options, each of which will buffer to an equivalent degree by varying distance (setback) and/or density (mass).

- 723.2 Definition. A bufferyard is a permanent unit of land, together with planting, fences, berms, walls, and other screening devices required thereon.
- 723.3 Location. Bufferyards shall be located on the outer perimeter of a lot or parcel, extending to the lot or parcel boundary line. Bufferyards shall not be located on any portion of an existing public or private right-of-way.
- 723.4 Determination of Bufferyard Requirements. To determine the bufferyard required between two adjacent parcels, the following procedure shall be followed:
- (1) Identify the proposed land use;
 - (2) Identify the use of lands adjacent to the proposed use;
 - (3) Determine the bufferyard required on each boundary (or segment thereof) of the proposed land use by referring to the Table of Bufferyard Requirements and Illustrations contained in Appendix B, which specify the bufferyard options required between a proposed use and the existing adjacent uses.
- 723.5 Responsibility for Bufferyard/Screening. A buffer shall be required along any property line that borders a property of less intense zoning, as specified herein.
- 723.6 Bufferyard Specifications. The illustrations included within this section specify the type and quantity of plant materials required by each bufferyard. The requirements are stated in terms of width of the bufferyard and the number of plants required per 100 feet of bufferyard. The requirements of a bufferyard may be specified by any one of the options illustrated. The "plant unit multiplier" is a factor by which the basic number of plant materials required for a given bufferyard is determined given a change in the width of that yard. Each illustration depicts the total bufferyard required between two uses. Whenever a wall, fence, or berm is required within a bufferyard, these are shown as "structures" in the following illustrations wherein their respective specifications also are shown.
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The exact placement of required plants shall be the decision of the developer except that evergreen (or conifer) plant materials shall be planted in clusters rather than singly in order to maximize their chances of survival and increase screening. All bufferyard areas shall be seeded with lawn grass or suitable ground cover.

723.7 Minimum Plant Size. Plants shall be sufficiently sized to insure buffering and screening at the time of installation. Where the Bufferyard Illustration indicate a mass or line of plants parallel the length of the property line, the plant materials shall be sufficiently sized to insure obscurity at the time of installation. However, seeding plants may be used where berms or structures are required as part of the bufferyard.

Minimum Plant Sizes

Plant Material Type	Planting in Buffer yards Abutting Structures, Fences, Berms	All Other Plants
Canopy Tree		
Single Stem	1-1/2" Caliper	2-1/2" Caliper
Multi-Stem Clump	6' Height	10' Height
Understory Tree	4' Height	1-1/2" Caliper
Evergreen Tree	3' Height	5' Height
Shrub		
Deciduous	15" Height	24" Height
Evergreen	12" Height	18" Height

723.8 Bufferyard Substitutions.

- (1) Any existing healthy, well-formed plant materials which are greater than or equal to the recommended buffer and which otherwise satisfy the requirements of this section may be counted towards satisfying all such requirements.
- (2) Structures, where required, may be substituted with approval of the Planning Commission.

723.9 Use of Bufferyards. A bufferyard may be used for passive recreation; however, no plant material may be removed and such use shall not be a nuisance.

- 723.10 Containers and Dumpsters. All exterior dumpsters or exterior garbage containers (excluding containers of groups of containers with a combined capacity of less than six cubic yards) shall be screened on all but one side by a fence or wall, intensive landscaping, or other suitable opaque enclosure. The average height of the enclosure shall be one (1) foot more than the height of the container but shall not be required to exceed eight (8) feet in height. The open side shall not be visible from the street.
- 723.11 Fences and Walls - Appearance. All fences and walls used as part of the bufferyard requirements must have a finished side facing adjoining property. The interior side of the fence or wall may be finished as the owner deems appropriate. Where fences or walls are applicable bufferyard requirements, they shall be established along the inside line of the bufferyard, toward the proposed use, except for ornamental fences, which may be built on the property line.
- 723.12 Berms. Where required, berms may be located anywhere within the bufferyard, provided they parallel the property line.
- 723.13 Required Maintenance. The maintenance of required bufferyards shall be the responsibility of the property owner. And all such yards shall be properly maintained so as to assure continued buffering. Failure to do so is a violation of this Ordinance, and may be remedied in the manner prescribed for violations.